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- (c) Other snapper-grouper species—(1) Black sea bass.
- (i) For a fish taken by a person subject to the bag limit specified in §622.187(b)(7)—13 inches (33 cm), TL.
- (ii) For a fish taken by a person not subject to the bag limit specified in §622.187(b)(7)—11 inches (28 cm), TL.
- (2) Gray triggerfish in the South Atlantic EEZ off Florida—12 inches (30.5 cm), TL.
- (3) Hogfish—12 inches (30.5 cm), fork length.
 - (4) Red porgy—14 inches (35.6 cm), TL.
- (5) Greater amberjack—28 inches (71.1 cm), fork length, for a fish taken by a person subject to the bag limit specified in §622.187(b)(1) and 36 inches (91.4 cm), fork length, for a fish taken by a person not subject to the bag limit.

[78 FR 22952, Apr. 17, 2013, as amended at 78 FR 44465, July 24, 2013]

§622.186 Landing fish intact.

- (a) South Atlantic snapper-grouper in or from the South Atlantic EEZ must be maintained with head and fins intact, except as specified in paragraph (b) of this section. Such fish may be eviscerated, gilled, and scaled, but must otherwise be maintained in a whole condition. The operator of a vessel that fishes in the EEZ is responsible for ensuring that fish on that vessel in the EEZ are maintained intact and, if taken from the EEZ, are maintained intact through offloading ashore, as specified in this section.
- (b) In the South Atlantic EEZ, snapper-grouper lawfully harvested in Bahamian waters are exempt from the requirement that they be maintained with head and fins intact, provided valid Bahamian fishing and cruising permits are on board the vessel and the vessel is in transit through the South Atlantic EEZ. For the purpose of this paragraph, a vessel is in transit through the South Atlantic EEZ when it is on a direct and continuous course through the South Atlantic EEZ and no one aboard the vessel fishes in the EEZ.

§622.187 Bag and possession limits.

(a) Additional applicability provisions for South Atlantic snapper-grouper. Section 622.11(a) provides the general applicability for bag and possession lim-

- its. However, $\S 622.11(a)$ notwithstanding:
- (1) The bag and other limits specified in §622.182(b) apply for South Atlantic snapper-grouper in or from the EEZ to a person aboard a vessel for which a commercial permit for South Atlantic snapper-grouper has been issued that has on board a longline in the longline closed area.
- (2) A person aboard a vessel for which a commercial permit for South Atlantic snapper-grouper has been issued must comply with the bag limits specified in paragraph (b)(1) of this section for South Atlantic snapper-grouper taken with a powerhead, regardless of where taken, when such snapper-grouper are possessed in an SMZ specified in §622.182(a)(1)(xii) through (a)(1)(xviii) or (a)(1)(xl) through (a)(1)(li).
- (b) Bag limits—(1) Greater amberjack—
- (2) Grouper and tilefish, combined—3. Within the 3-fish aggregate bag limit:
- (i) No more than one fish may be gag or black grouper, combined;
- (ii) No more than one fish per vessel may be a snowy grouper;
- (iii) No more than one fish may be a golden tilefish; and
- (iv) No goliath grouper or Nassau grouper may be retained.
- (3) Hogfish in the South Atlantic off Florida—5.
- (4) Snappers, combined—10. However, excluded from this 10-fish bag limit are cubera snapper, measuring 30 inches (76.2 cm), TL, or larger, in the South Atlantic off Florida, and red snapper vermilion snapper. and $\S622.181(b)(2)$ for the prohibitions on harvest or possession of red snapper, except during a limited recreational fishing season, and §622.181(c)(1) for limitations on cubera snapper measuring 30 inches (76.2 cm), TL, or larger, in or from the South Atlantic EEZ off Florida.)
 - (5) Vermilion snapper—5.
 - (6) Red porgy—3.
 - (7) Black sea bass—5.
- (8) South Atlantic snapper-grouper, combined—20. However, excluded from this 20-fish bag limit are tomtate, South Atlantic snapper-grouper ecosystem component species (specified in Table 4 of Appendix A to part 622), and those specified in paragraphs (b)(1)